The Virginia Gazette and Alexandria Advertiſer.

OH! THOU, BY WHOSE ALMIGHTY NOD THE SCALE
OF EMPIRE RISES, OR, ALTERNATE, FALLS,
SEND FORTH THE SAVING VIRTUES ROUND THIS LAND!

[Vol. II.] [12s. per An.] THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1791. [4d. ſingle.] [No. 100.]

Public Sale.

On SATURDAY next will be expoſed for Sale, at the Vendue Store,
A VARIETY OF
Wet & Dry Goods.
JAMES WILSON, V. M.
Alexandria, June 23, 1791.
N. B. The Vendue Store will be kept conſtantly open, and well attended, for the reception of all kinds of Goods, and Commiſſion Buſineſs. J. W.

Teneriffe Wines

FOR SALE BY
Forreſt & Seton,
Juſt received via New-York, which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable Terms.
Alexandria, June 1, 1791. 97—t. f.

Rum, Sugar & Coffee,

FOR SALE BY
JOHN W. FLETCHER & CO.
ALSO,
A general Aſſortment of
DRY GOODS.
Alexandria, June 16, 1791. 99 3w.

JAMES KENNEDY

Has imported in the Patowmack Planter from London, and other Veſſels from Europe, in Addition to his former,
A general Aſſortment of
Dye-Stuffs, Spices, Shop-Furniture, Drugs & Patent Medicines, &c.
The following are a Part:

LINSEED OIL, by the barrel or ſmaller quantity,	Alum & Copperas,
White Lead ground in oil,	Pepper & Allſpice,
Yellow Ochre do do.	Cinnamon, Nutmegs,
Spaniſh Brown do. do.	Cloves and Mace,
White Lead dry,	Muſtard & Saltpetre,
Spaniſh Brown do.	8 by 10 & 10 by 12 Window Glaſs,
Pruſſian Blue,	Apothecaries' Ointment-Pots labeled,
Kings' Yellow,	Specie bottles with covers,
Vermilion,	Tincture-bottles with glaſs ſtoppers,
Litharge & red Lead,	Vials aſſorted,
Ground Madder,	
Logwood and Braſiletto, Fig-Blue,	

The Furniture is aſſorted from 2 Quarts to 1 Ounce:
All which he will ſell Wholeſale or Retail, at very low prices, for Caſh or Produce.
Alexandria, June 14, 1791. 99 3w.

TO BE SOLD,

A Very likely NEGRO BOY, the property of a Gentleman lately gone to Europe;—Shaves and dreſſes elegantly, is a good plain cook, uſed to all ſorts of houſe buſineſs, as well as gardening, the management of horſes, and different branches of light trades, by which he may acquire from 10 to 15 Dollars a week, without riſk or captal. He is remarkable for good temper, an orderly decent deportment, and has been well known for many years paſt to perſons of reputation, in and near this city; has had the ſmall-pox.—For further particulars pleaſe to apply to Mr. JOSHUA MERRYMAN, in Alexandria.
Baltimore, June 13, 1791. 99—3w.

☞ NOTICE is given to all perſons indebted to *John Edward Ford & Co.* formerly of Alexandria, that if they do not pay off their reſpective accounts before the firſt day of September next, to the ſubſcriber, they will be ſued for the ſame immediately after that date, without any further Notice.
JESSE TAYLOR.
Alexandria, June 14, 1791. 99—3w.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living near *Snickers's Gap*, about the 14th of February laſt, *a Negro Man* named BAKER, about five feet 8 or 9 inches high, tolerably black, a down look when ſpoken to: Had on when he went away a Negro-cotton jacket and breeches, coarſe tow-linen ſhirt, a good wool hat, and a pair of ſhoes. The above Negro man was hired of Jeremiah Cockrel, and is the property of Mr. Steptoe. It is ſuppoſed he has gone to Alexandria to try to make off. The above reward will be given for ſaid Negro, and all reaſonable charges paid, if brought home, by JAMES MAI[illegible]
Loudoun County, June 15, 1791 [illegible]

J. Douglas, jun. & Co.

Have juſt removed to that commodious *new Store* at the corner of King and Royal Streets, next door to Meſſrs. *Buchan, Patton* and *Co's*, where they have for ſale a neat and general Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, including Scythes, Sickles, and Pewter Ware, which, together with a Quantity of Continental and Weſt India Rum; Tobago, and genuine old Jamaica Spirits; Muſcovado and Loaf Sugar; beſt green Coffee; Hyſon, Green and Bohea Teas of the firſt Quality—they will ſell on the moſt moderate Terms for Caſh, Certificates, or Country Produce.
Alexandria, June 6, 1791. 98—6w.

ROBINSON, SANDERSON & CO.

Have for Sale, by Wholeſale only,

CANVAS, No. 1 to 8,	Port Wine in Caſes of 3 doz. bottles each,
Nails,	Port do. do.
Bar-Lead,	Madeira do. do.
Shot, drop and moulded,	White, Yellow, Venetian Red, Spaniſh Brown, (Paints,)
Whiteandtarr'd Cordage,	Glaſs Ware in ſmall Packages,
Iron Caſtings,	Queen's and Stone Ware in Crates,
Steel,	Scythes and Sickles,
Saltpetre,	7 by 9 Window Glaſs.
Glauber Salts,	
Madder,	
Copperas,	
Rock-Alum,	

ALSO,
A very general Aſſortment of
SEASONABLE GOODS.
Alexandria, June 8, 1791.
☞ A few Barrels of Beef, Herrings and Shad, Tar and Turpentine, and a Quantity of Indian Corn, alſo for Sale. 98 4w.

Jeſſe Taylor

HATH ON HAND
A pretty general Aſſortment of
DRY GOODS and CUTLERY,
Which he will ſell on the loweſt Terms, for Caſh or Country Produce, or on a ſhort Credit to punctual Men.
ALSO,
A few Cheſts of the beſt
HYSON TEA,
Which he ſells remarkably cheap by the Cheſt or Pound, for Caſh only.
Alexandria, June 9, 1791. 98—t. f.
☞ A Quantity of DRIFT-WOOD is wanted for his Wharf.

☞ Wanted on hire 12 or 15 ſtout able HANDS, either white or black, to cut Wood, and do other Work. They will receive good treatment in every reſpect, and liberal wages. None, except they anſwer the above deſcription, need apply. Inquire of
WILLIAM WILSON & CO.
Who have for ſale,
Bar-Iron of a good quality in plough-plates; Axe-Boxes; Waggon-Tire, and Flats and Squares of different ſizes—Alſo freſh Hyſon, Hyſon-Skin and Congo Teas; prime Beef in Barrels; Glouceſter and Cheſhire Cheeſe; and excellent Madeira Wine and Porter in Hogſheads.
Alexandria, June 8, 1791. 98 3w.

FOR SALE,

MADEIRA and LISBON WINE,
Green and Souchong Teas,
Upper and Soal Leather,
Burr Mill-Stones and Boulting-Cloths,
Two handſome Phaetons,
Double and ſingle Riding-Chairs, part of which may be ſeen here, and the other at the Occoquan Mills;
A HOUSE and LOT, which I now occupy, ſituated on Prince-Street, three ſtories high, 36 feet by 22;
And a DWELLING-HOUSE, with a Store in front, now occupied by Hanſon & Bond.
ISAAC M'PHERSON.
Alexandria, June 9, 1791. 98—3w.

☞ NOTICE.

THE Merchants and others will obſerve that there is a regular Poſt eſtabliſhed by law from this to Winchester, once in each week throughout the year, except the months of December, January and February, during which being winter months, he will ride only once in each fortnight. He leaves this with the mail on Thurſdays, A. M. for Winchester, paſſing through Leeſburg, over Keyes's Ferry, through Settle-Town, and returns by the ſame route from Winchester on Mondays [illegible]
Alexandria, June 3, 1791. [illegible]

☞ I Take this method of informing the Public in general, and my former Clients in particular, that the very unfair dealings of ſeveral people with whom I have been concerned, reduced me to circumſtances which obliged me to decline, in a manner, the practice of the Law for three or four years paſt; but that an interlocutory decree, I obtained at the laſt quarterly Prince-William term, and to be confirmed at the next, will put me in a ſituation to reſume my practice (which I intend to do immediately in the Courts of Fairfax and Prince-William Counties) unleſs prevented by the delays, which the laws of this country put in the power of my adverſaries to uſe.—I have already ſuffered a delay in this buſineſs, by which my circumſtances have been much injured, and my family brought to real diſtreſs; at the ſame time that it has been a great accommodation to my adverſaries, as to the convenience of a ſettlement—Theſe conſiderations, together with that of contributing to the comfort of their Siſter (who has deſerved well at their hands) and her family of little Children, will, I hope, deter them from carrying into execution an appeal. As a Lawyer, I promiſe that what I may want in eloquence, ſhall be made good by cloſe attention to, and a faithful diſcharge of, buſineſs entruſted with me. For the cauſes above mentioned, and the want of Subſcriptions, I could not carry on the Book of Forms, which I undertook laſt year, upon the fulleſt faith of then recovering the money in ſuit, and receiving an immediate payment. The firſt obſtacle will, I expect, ſhortly be removed; but I do not know that the other will; ſtill I intend to reſume the work without making any further demand of money, till I procure proper certificates of the Book being ready for the Preſs, and of it's utility. In the mean time, if any of the few (about twenty) who advanced money, harbour doubts of my furniſhing the book, I could wiſh to be informed of it, that the money may be refunded.
CLEON MOORE.
Alexandria, June 16, 1791. 99 3w.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the common of Alexandria, on Sunday night the 12th inſt. *a bright bay HORSE*, nearly 15 hands high, trots and gallops; he has a long ſlim neck, and carries his head very high, and a long ſwitch tail, which he carries on one ſide; he is ſhod before, and ſtands very ſtraight on his hind legs; he has no particular brand; and was lately galled on the left ſide, which the hair has not yet covered.—Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to the ſubſcriber, living in Alexandria, ſhall receive Four Dollars reward, beſides neceſſary charges; and on conviction of the thief, the above reward.
PHILIP R. FENDALL.
Alexandria, June 15, 1781. 99—3w.

Ten Pounds Reward,

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in *Prince William County*, about 5 miles above the Red-Houſe, the following Slaves, viz.—HARRY, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, who has remarkable ſcars over one of his eyes.—This Negro left me in Dumfries laſt October, has ſince been taken up above Winchester, put in that gaol, and eloped from the perſon coming home with him.——DAVEY, a dark Mulatto, full 6 feet high, ſlender made, went off the 2d inſt. It is needleſs to deſcribe the dreſs of either, the firſt having changed his clothes, and the other in all probability will, when he gets to Dumfries, where he has a wife.—DAVEY was formerly the property of Capt. *Joſeph Combes*, of Loudoun County, and may go in that neighbourhood where he has ſome relations. I will give the above reward for thoſe two Negroes being delivered to me, and Forty Shillings for either, excluſive of what the law allows.
ELIZABETH GRAHAM.
June 15, 1791. 99—3w.

I INTEND FOR THE WEST-INDIES.

D. EASTON.
Alexandria, June 15, 1791 99—3w.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED, or was ſtolen, from the Common of Alexandria, on the Night of the ſecond inſtant, *a bay HORSE*, four years old, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded on the left Shoulder with the letters I. G.—alſo on the left Buttock, with the ſaid letters wrong ſide up.
Any perſon Delivering the ſaid Horſe to Mr. *JOHN WISE*, in Alexandria, or *ANTHONY M'DONALD*, in Dumfries, ſhall receive the above Reward and all reaſonable charges.
Alexandria, June 3, 1791. [illegible]

[illegible] the Legiſlature [illegible]
[illegible] Preſent for [illegible] Office

Alexandria Rum

FOR SALE.
The Subſcribers, who occupy the Diſtillery, have on hand a large Stock of RUM—and, as their conſtant Attention will be directed towards the Proſecution of the Buſineſs, they expect, in future, to keep fully ſupplied.
They have alſo for Sale,
SUGAR in Tierces and Barrels,
COFFEE of the firſt Quality, in do. do.
PORK in Barrels,
RICE in Tierces.
JOHN DONNELL & CO.
Alexandria, May 12, 1791. 94—t. f.

ALEXANDRIA STREET-LOTTERY.

☞ THE Managers having met on the evening of the 19th inſt. found a large propoſition of the Tickets were diſpoſed of, and that there was good reaſon to expect the remainder would ſoon be ſold; they have therefore the pleaſure to announce to the Public that the Drawing of the firſt Claſs will poſitively commence on the fourth Monday in June next, the time propoſed in their Scheme. In the mean time they hope that thoſe perſons who wiſh well to the accompliſhment of the object in view, will not heſitate to add a few more to the number of Tickets they have already purchaſed, and alſo that they will uſe their beſt endeavours to induce their friends to aſſiſt in the proſecution of ſo uſeful and neceſſary an undertaking.—Tickets may be yet had of any of the Managers.
Joſiah Watſon, *William Hodgſon*,
John Potts, jun. *Olney Winſor*,
Jonathan Swift,
Alexandria, May 20, 1791. 96—t. f.

☞ A RUNAWAY.

ON Monday night laſt, the 6th inſt. made his eſcape from a Waggoner, who was taking him up to Keep-Tryſt Furnace, *a light mulatto Slave*, named STREPHON, a likely well-looking fellow, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, rather inclining to be fat; was dreſſed in a blue coat, light waiſtcoat and jean and thickſet breeches; but theſe it is probable he may change, as he is acquainted in the Town and neighbourhood, having lived with me for ſeveral years as a houſe-ſervant. He was tried on Monday laſt for theft, and publicly whipped; for which offence I was ſending him from this place to live at the Furnace, by a waggoner, from whom he attempted to get away, but without ſucceſs in his firſt effort, which induced the waggoner to tie his hands, and in that ſituation he made his eſcape early on Tueſday morning, about 15 miles from town, on the Leeſburg road. I think it probable that he has returned to town, and is harboured by ſome of his aſſociates in villainy, or is lurking about the neighbourhood.
I will pay any perſon who delivers him into the gaol at Alexandria, Twenty Shillings, if taken in Town, or within 10 miles of it; if 10 miles Thirty Shillings; and if 20 miles Forty Shillings, including what the law allows, or the ſame reward if delivered to Mr. *George North*, at Keep-Tryſt Furnace, calculating the diſtance from the Furnace.
JOHN POTTS, jun.
Alexandria, June 8, 1791. 98—3w.

TO BE SOLD,

And poſſeſſion given on the firſt day of January next,
SEVEN Hundred ACRES of LAND, lying on Cub-Run, in the County of Loudoun, of the firſt quality. On this tract are two tenements, one of 130 acres, the other of 135 acres, both leaſed for lives, each at an annual rent of Ten Guineas. The reſt of the tract is free from any incumbrance, with about 200 acres of open land; almoſt the whole of which is newly cleared, and under excellent incloſures. It abounds in meadow-lands of a very ſuperior quality. There are on the premiſes a ſmall dwelling-houſe, and a new barn and tobacco-houſe. It is diſtant about 28 miles from George-Town, and 30 from Alexandria, and is bounded on each ſide by two never-failing ſtreams. The terms of ſale may be known by applying to the Subſcriber, or Mr. SAMUEL LOVE, both living near the premiſes. One fourth of the money muſt be paid at the time of purchaſe; for the remainder a liberal credit, on approved ſecurity, will be given.
RICHARD BLAND LEE.
Loudoun County, May 20, 1791. 96—t. f.

☞ CASH given at the Printing Office for old Seines and old white Rope belonging to Seines, after they are worn out and unfit for fiſhing.
[illegible] Valley, & BLANK[illegible] [illegible] the Printing-Office

Fine-flavoured

Grenada Rum

For Sale—likewise

MUSCOVADO SUGAR & LIMES

In Barrels, by

ROBERT OTWAY.

Alexandria, June 23, 1791. 100—3w.

FOR SALE,

On the third Monday of October next, on the premises, in fee simple, (if not disposed of sooner)

ONE HALF of a LOT situated in Alexandria, known by the name of the FERRY LOT, with one half of the FERRY, and an excellent WHARF. One third of the money to be paid down; one third in six months; and one third in twelve months, when an indisputable title will be given. Any person wanting to Purchase in the mean time, will please to apply to

WILLIAM HUNTER jun.

Alexandria, June 23, 1791. 100—6w.

County of Fairfax, ss.

WILLIAM HERBERT, Gentleman, one of the Justices of the Peace for the said County,

To all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables and Head Boroughs, within the Colony and Dominion of Virginia.

WHEREAS complaint has this day been made to me, upon the oath of *Joseph Thomas*, that last night *John Morris*, together with four Negroes, by the names of *Harry*, *Jem*, *Dick*, and *Charles*, who were lately committed to the gaol of the said County of Fairfax, did, on the 18th day of this inst. June, forcibly escape from said gaol, and are now going at large—These are therefore, in the name of the Commonwealth, to require you, and every of you, in your respective Counties, Towns and Precincts, to make diligent search, by way of hue and cry, for said *John Morris*, *Negroes Harry*, *Jem*, *Dick*, and *Charles*; and them having found, to seize and retake, and safely convey, or cause to be conveyed, to the gaol of the said County of Fairfax; then to be kept until they are discharged by due course of law.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this nineteenth day of June, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.

100—3w. WILLIAM HERBERT. (L. S.)

Four Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Fendall's Quarter, on the Sugar Lands, on the 1st day of March last, a *Negro Man* named *ANTHONY*, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, very black, thin visage and small beard:—He is a fellow of few words, and is very artful:—His cloathing unknown. I expect he passes for a free *Negro*, as I believe he has a pass from James Cassell to his Mistress in Lancaster County, Virginia.—Whoever takes up said fellow shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges.

EDWARD MUSE.

June 21, 1791. 100—3w

THE Subscribers having been seconds to Mr. *David Sterrett* and Mr. *Thomas Hadfield*, in the duel which took place on Friday the 29th of April last, think it incumbent on them, to prevent misrepresentation, to make the following statement of that unhappy affair:

On Thursday afternoon, the 28th April last, Mr. Sterrett and Mr. Hadfield met in the street, where, after some conversation, they proceeded to very abusive language on both sides, and in the hearing of several, as the subscribers understood from themselves—Shortly after Mr. Sterrett and Mr. Buchanan, one of the subscribers, called on Mr. Hadfield, desiring a meeting—In the interim Mr. Hadfield had left a message with Mr. Barry, the other subscriber, for Mr. Sterrett, whom he met with Mr. Buchanan in the street—After some conversation took place between the subscribers, and finding no accommodation could take place, an hour and place of meeting were agreed upon. On coming next morning to the ground, the subscribers agreed upon ten paces to be the distance to fire at; but the parties thinking that too far, eight paces were agreed upon, and also that they should fire together. After they had taken their ground, the subscribers charged the pistols retained for a second fire:—The word FIRE being given, as nearly as could be discerned, both snapped at the same time, when Mr. Hadfield's fire took place, and Mr. Sterrett fell. No terms of accommodation whatever were proposed by either party on the ground.

Signed { Wm. BUCHANAN, *of Wm.*
JAMES BARRY.

Baltimore, May 27, 1791. 100 3w.

Five Pounds Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, about the 1st of April last, *a Negro Man* named BRUNSWICK, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, is remarkably slim made, and has an impediment in his speech: He has been so long absent I think it unnecessary to describe his clothing; he has been frequently taken since his elopement, and always made his escape, owing to an artful affectation of simplicity, by which he imposes on those persons who take him.—Three Pounds reward will be paid on delivery of said Slave to *Henry Ball*, in Richmond; Four Pounds if delivered to Messrs. North and Mathews, in Staunton, or Five Pounds if brought home. It will be necessary to secure him well, and to [illegible]

SAMPSON [illegible]

Glover-Dale, Aug. 8—1790.

Alexandria, June 18, 1791.

At a Meeting of the Inhabitants at the house of Mr. John Wise, on the 18th day of June, 1791,

PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL, *Esq. was requested to take the Chair, and Mr.* BUSHROD WASHINGTON *to act as Secretary, when the following Resolution was adopted:*

WHEREAS the establishment of a branch of the National Bank in this town would be of general advantage to the inhabitants thereof, as well as to the inhabitants of this and the neighbouring states connected with it by commercial interest, or who feel themselves united to the interest of Patowmack,

Resolved, That it be recommended to all persons interested, to subscribe for a share or shares in the proposed National Bank, and to the subscribers to use their endeavours to procure the establishment of a branch thereof in this town, and that the gentlemen herein named, to wit. George Gilpin, Richard Conway, William Wilson, Philip R. Fendall and Bushrod Washington, Esquires, and be a committee to hand about the subscription in the following words:

We the subscribers agree to pay the first specie proportion required by the law, for establishing the National Bank, to the committee appointed at a meeting held at the house of Mr. John Wise, in Alexandria, on the 18th day of June, 1791, for as many shares as are opposite to our respective names, and in appointing an agent, or agents, to vote and act for such of us as may be absent, in order that our votes may be concentrated, with a view to obtain a branch of the National Bank in this town; and that all persons interested be invited by public advertisements to subscribe their names; and that the said committee transmit the money they may receive, together with the names of the subscribers, that they may be entered at Philadelphia as subscribers to the National Bank; and that the said committee be authorized to call a meeting of the subscribers whenever they shall think it necessary.

PHILIP R. FENDALL. Chairman,
BUSHROD WASHINGTON, Sec'ry.

At a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Town of Alexandria, at the house of Mr. John Wise, the 21st day of June, 1791, to take into further consideration the most proper means to be adopted for obtaining a Branch of the National Bank at this place (PHILIP R. FENDALL, *Esq. in the chair*)

Resolved, That the following gentlemen, *viz.* Robert J. Hooe, William Harshorne, Charles Simms, John Murray, and Jonathan Swift, be added to the Committee appointed at a meeting held at this place the 18th inst.—and the gentlemen herein named, *viz.* Daniel Carroll, of Rock Creek; Charles Wallace, William Campbell and John Davidson, of Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Uriah Forrest & William Deakins, of George-Town; Benjamin Lowndes & John Steuart, of Bladensburg; David Crawford, Thomas Clark & William Kilty, of Upper Marlborough; Thomas Clagett & Alexander Hamilton, of Piscataway; John Stoffe, Mi[illegible] William Craik, of Port-Tobacco; Thomas S. Lee, Richard Potts, Baker Johnston, Mountjoy Bayley & George Murdock, of Frederick Town and County; John Barnes, John Mason, Thomas Sprigg & William Lee, of Elizabeth-Town and Washington County; George Plater, Richard Barnes, Allen Thomas, John Plater & Gabriel Wood, of Leonard-Town; Thomas Gant & Robert Young, of Nottingham; Alexander Henderson, James Reed, Richard Brent, Tho's Lee, Richard Scott & Richard Graham, of Dumfries; Richard B. Lee, Levin Powell, Israel Thompson, Josias Clapham, Samuel Love, Stephens T. Mason & William Gunnell, of Loudoun County; Joseph Holmes; John Smith, James G. Dowdle, George Norton & Isaac Hill, jun. of Winchester; Horatio Ross, Abraham Shepherd, John Morrow & Henry Bedinger, Shepherd's-Town; Wm. Fitzhugh, Wm. Glassel & Robert Patton, of Fredericksburg; Peter Wagener & William Thompson, of Colchester; Moses Hunter & Edward Beeson, of Martinsburg; Isaac Zane, Joseph Stover, Tavener Beale & John Croudson, of Shanandoah County; Andrew Woodrow, of Hampshire, Esquires—be appointed to procure Subscriptions to the National Bank, and to transmit to the Committee the money they may receive, together with a list of the names of the subscribers, to be by the said committee forwarded to Philadelphia.

Resolved, That the Chairman forward to the above gentlemen appointed to procure subscriptions, a copy of the above Resolves, with extracts from the Law establishing a National Bank, of such parts thereof as relate to the above subject, as early as possible.

The committee appointed under the above resolve to solicit subscriptions to the National Bank, think it proper, for the satisfaction of those who may not have seen the law establishing the Bank, to publish the following extracts from it:

Extracts from the Act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States.

"It shall be lawful for the directors aforesaid to establish offices wheresoever they shall think fit, within the United States, for the purposes of discount and deposit only, and upon the same terms, and in the same manner, as shall be practised at the Bank; and to commit the management of the said offices, and the making of the said discounts, to such persons, under such agreements, and subject to such regulations as they shall deem proper, not being contrary to the law, nor to the constitution of the Bank.

"The capital stock shall not exceed sixteen millions of dollars, divided into twenty five thousand shares, each share being four hundred dollars.

"It shall be lawful for any person, co-partnership, or body politic, to subscribe for, and so many shares as he, she, or they shall think fit, not exceeding one thousand, except as shall be hereafter directed, relatively to the United States; and that the sums respectively subscribed, except on behalf of the United States, shall be payable one-fourth in gold and silver, and three-fourths in that part of the public debt, which, according to the loan proposed in the fourth and fifteenth sections of the act, entitled, "An act making provision for the debt of the United States," shall bear an accruing interest at the time of payment of six per centum per annum, and shall also be payable in four equal parts, in the aforesaid ratio of specie to debt, at the distance of six calendar months from each other; the first whereof shall be paid at the time of subscription.

"The stock of the said corporation shall be assignable and transferable, according to such rules as shall be instituted in that behalf, by the laws and ordinances of the same.

"That as soon as the sum of 400,000 dollars in gold and silver shall have been actually received on account of the subscriptions to the said stock, notice thereof shall be given by the persons under whose superintendance the same shall have been, made in at least two public Gazettes printed in the City of Philadelphia; and the said persons shall at the same time, in like manner, notify a time and place within the said city, at the distance of ninety days from the time of said notification for proceeding to the election of Directors; and it shall be lawful for such election to be then and there held, and the persons who shall then and there be chosen, shall be the first Directors, and shall be capable of serving, by virtue of such choice, until the end or expiration of the Monday in January next ensuing the time of making the same, and shall, forthwith thereafter, commence the operations of the said Bank, at the said City of Philadelphia.

"Stock-holders actually resident within the United States, and none other, may vote in the elections by proxy.

Extract of an act supplementary to the above.

"That so much of the first payment as by the said act is directed to be in the six per cent. certificates of the United States, may be deferred until the first Monday in January next.

"That every subscriber shall, at the time of subscribing, pay into the hands of the persons who shall be appointed to receive the same, the specie proportion required by the said act to be then paid. And if any such subscriber, shall fail to make any of the future payments, he shall forfeit the sum so by him first paid, for the use of the corporation.

"That such part of the public debt, including the assumed debt, as is funded at an interest of three per cent. may be paid to the Bank in like manner with the debt funded at six per cent. computing the value of the former at one half the value of the latter, and reserving to the subscribers who shall have paid three per cent. stock, the privilege of redeeming the same with six per cent. stock, at the above rate of computation, at any time before the first day of January seventeen hundred and ninety three, unless three per cent. stock shall have been previously disposed of by the directors"

We shall not attempt to point out the many and great advantages resulting from a Bank, nor to prove that those advantages cannot be confined to the particular spot or district where this office is fixed—The subject is generally understood, and being so, it is obvious that the commercial, as well as the agricultural, interest of all that extent of country bordering upon, or connected with, the Patowmack, must be promoted by having a branch of the National Bank at this place.

The power of establishing these branches in the different states being vested in the directors, we need not observe that our success in obtaining one, must very much depend upon our own exertions. It is not only necessary for us to have some share in the election of those who are to decide upon this question, but we ought to be connected with the Bank by motives of private interest; with these advantages we may hope, without presumption, that the accommodation of the several states in this respect will be attended to; and we may with propriety expect to participate with the other states in the important benefits resulting from a system designed for the general welfare. As the 4th of July (the time appointed when the the books will be opened for receiving subscriptions) is near at hand, we earnestly recommend it to all those who feel an interest on this subject, to subscribe their names as early as possible, that a list of the subscribers may be forwarded to the Bank in due time.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, the 18th of December, 1789, *an Apprentice Lad*, then about seventeen years of age, by the name of *JOHN DILLING*; he is a short well made fellow, a black bushy head of hair, and very freckled; has a down look and sullen countenance when talked to.—Any person that will deliver him to me, on my Plantation, in Fairfax County, shall receive *One Shilling*.

RICHARD SIMPSON.

June 22, 1791. 100—3w.

☞ ABOUT 12 or 13 months ago I gave my Bond to *Richard Ratcliff* for Twenty Pounds, with *Andrew Wales*, as my security.—I caution all persons against taking an assignment of the said bond, as I am determined not to pay it, having received no consideration for it. SAMUEL M'LEAN.

[illegible] 79[illegible] 100 3w.

LONDON, April 13.

COMMERCIAL.

WE have now to advise that in pursuance of the King's Order, in Council, issued the 5th inst. the importation of Oil, Blubber, Whalefins and Spermaceti, is prohibited from the *United States*, either in *British* or American vessels.

POLITICAL.

There hath been some prospect of our government being engaged in a war with Russia; but it now seems to be the general opinion that such an event will not take place. The nation is much averse to the war—and a number of propositions have been introduced into the house of Commons, which, in the most direct terms, condemn the interferrence of Great-Britain in that between the Russians and Turks, as impolitic, absurd, and as having a direct tendency to impoverish the nation, by destroying its commerce.

The propositions were introduced by Mr. GRAY, and although negatived by the call of the previous question; yet they were so ably defended in every part of the *House*, that the *Minister* has had his confidence considerably shaken. Of 426 members he obtained a majority of 80—which is very small considering the numbers that are usually with him.

This day Mr. Sheridan presented a petition from Glasgow signed by 18,000 persons against the corn-bill. Ordered to be referred to the committee on the bill.

[*The following is all that is said in 40 or 50 English Papers about*]

COMMON SENSE.

If the ATTORNEY GENERAL should find it necessary to make enquiry of Mr. PAINE respecting his late publication, it is not improbable but that the *Secretary* of the *Constitutional Society* may be involved in the legal *conversations*.

That there is ingenuity in Mr. PAINE's republican pamphlet, few people will deny—and that it has the merit of *design* also, no well wisher to this country can gain say; But after all, we think the *transatlantic patriot* has not been lucky enough to hit upon a season the most favourable for the promulgation of doctrines *so declaratory* of the *Rights of Man!*

A *Dissenter* yesterday was remarking to a Literary Lady, that he felt the full force of PAINE's arguments. The Lady replied, "it was no wonder—the attacks of *Pain* make most people *feel*."

The manner in which PAINE mentions the suspected pension gained by the Aristocrat DUNDAS for certain *Reflections*, seems to demand an explicit reply, on his part, to the acute Metaphysician. It will very likely be in the following stile:

PAINE's *political medicine* is too *strong* for the *constitution* of this country; he has, therefore, very prudently carried it *in person* to the NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, in order to enable that *virtuous body* to throw every *monarchial particle* out of their new *state organization*.

ALBANY, June 8.

Major Scott, from Niagara, via Genesee settlements, informs us, that all is peace and quiet ness in those parts of the country—That the six nations of Indians (as heretofore published) entertain a friendly disposition towards the United States, though they have been threatned and entreated by the southern Indians to take part with them against us—That Col. Procter, about a fortnight since, (soon after the treaty was finished with the Indians at Buffaloe creek) set out from Fort Pitt—having been refused a passport to Detroit, by water, which he had solicited from the British commanding officer—That the Indian Chief, Col. Brandt, accompained by 25 Mohawks, had lately set off for the Southward; but not with design to join the Indians in that quarter, as has been reported, but by the desire and at the request of the officers at Niagara, to gain intelligence, and endeavour to bring about a reconcilation between those Indians and the United States—and to communicate by runners, from time to time, to the garrison at Niagara, the result of his endeavours.

Major Scott further informs, that the settlements within the British lines are rather on the decline—owing to the military government that they are under—but that the American settlements, in that quarter, are increasing very rapidly—That Mr. Hadfield, of Alexandria, who lately killed Mr. Sterrett, of Maryland, in a duel, had arrived at Niagara, a few days since, and claimed protection from the British against his pursuers; and that he had desired permission to proceed down to Quebec, which was granted—And that Capt. Hudong, who accompained Col. Procter to Buffaloe creek, had been sent by Col. P. with despatches to the supreme executive of the United States.

NEW-YORK, June 11.

DEATH OF DOCTOR PRICE.

Died on Tuesday morning, 18th of April, at his house, at Newington-Green, near London, the Rev. Dr. PRICE, celebrated as a Divine, a Philosopher, and a politician. The friends of civil liberty, and the people of these United States in particular, have just cause to deplore the loss of this truly great and good man, who has so often and so ably employed his pen in their cause.

☞ *Eating*, or *drinking* to excess, at this hot season, is DESTRUCTIVE TO HEALTH—beware of *hearty suppers*—and of too much *cold water* at mid-day.

June 15.

It is said that the English Chronicle, of April 9, contains advices of the Attorney-General of Great-Britain having received instructions from

government to *proſecute* Mr. PAINE for the *heretical* politics exhibited in his pamphlet, entitled, "RIGHTS OF MAN."

That ſuch a proſecution was directed is confirmed by gentlemen who arrived in the late Britiſh packet.—Alſo when the patriotic REVOLUTION SOCIETY, in London, had heard of this order, and that *common ſenſe*, from a dread of perſecution, was fearful of ſhewing its head within the purlieus of the Britiſh court, that they ſent Mr. PAINE a polite meſſage, requeſting that he would appear as uſual in public, and that they, the REVOLUTION SOCIETY, in LONDON, *would* INDEMNIFY *his* PERSON *and* PROPERTY.—Behold, ye ſons of America, another thrifty *ſprout* to the glorious TREE OF LIBERTY, which ye have planted—another *garniſh* to your CAP OF FREEDOM—behold here mete combuſtibles to explode the monarchical trappings of royalty from the ſertile iſland of Great-Britain—and ſhall not he, who, with native ſimplicity, in the teeth of haughty and over bearing rulers, teaches the liſping infant THE RIGHTS OF MAN, *receive grateful panegyric from all the ſons of Adam?*

It is further ſaid, that Mr. Paine has cleared upwards of *four thouſand pounds ſterling* by his late publication.

Extract of a letter from Liverpool dated the 19th of April, 1791.

"Since the opening of our ports, large quantities of Wheat have arrived, both coaſtways and foreign.—This has cauſed our market to be very dull, and we expect the price will keep down as long as the ports continue open. In all probability they will be ſhut on the 10th of June. The new Corn-Bill impoſes a duty of 24s. 3d. per quarter on foreign Wheat, and 6s. 6d. per cwt. on foreign flour when the price of midling Britiſh wheat, is under 48s. per quarter; when midling Britiſh wheat is above 48s. and under 50s. per quarter, the duty on foreign wheat is 2s. 6d. per quarter, and 1s. 6d. per cwt. on flour; and when Britiſh wheat is 50s. or upwards (which ſeldom happens) the duty on foreign wheat is 6d. per quarter, and 1s. per cwt. on flour."

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.

Accounts from Genoa, of February 18, mention the appointment of Joſeph Ravara, Eſq; as Conſul from that Republic to the United States.

Extract of a letter from L'Orient, dated April 19, 1791

In date of the 13th, 14th, and 15th of February, 1791, the following articles have been enacted and decreed by the National Aſſembly ſitting at Paris, concerning the tobacco trade:

1. Immediately after the promulgation of the preſent decree, every perſon ſhall be at liberty to cultivate, manufacture and ſell tobacco in the kingdom, under the modifications which are to be eſtabliſhed relating to the fabrication and ſale of the ſame.

2. The importation of foreign manufactured tobacco ſhall continue to be prohibited.

3. It ſhall be free to import foreign leaf tobacco in the different ports of the kingdom, which are to be hereafter determined, on paying a tax of 25 livres per quintal. All French veſſels which ſhall import leaf tobacco direct from America, ſhall pay only the three fourths of ſaid tax.

4. Foreign leaf tobacco ſhall be admitted to remain one year in the warehouſes eſtabliſhed for that purpoſe under the care of public commiſſioners, and to be re-exported to foreign parts during theſe 12 months, without paying any tax.

5. Has been adjourned what concerns the tax to be paid by the manufacturers and merchants of tobacco in the kingdom.

6. A National eſtabliſhment ſhall be formed for manufacturing and ſelling tobacco for account of the public treaſury, and ſhall pay the ſame tax as private merchants.

In date of the 1ſt of March the following articles have been enacted:

1. The importation of foreign manufactured tobacco ſhall continue to be prohibited; it ſhall not be permitted to import leaf tobacco but in hogſheads, and by ſuch ports as will be hereafter ſpecified.

2. The importation by ſea of leaf tobacco ſhall be permitted only for thoſe of the United States of America, Spaniſh Colonies, Ruſſia and Turkey. Said tobacco muſt be imported direct from thoſe countries to France, viz. From the United States by American or French veſſels; Ukraine by Ruſſia or French veſſels; from the Spaniſh Colonies, by Spaniſh or French veſſels; and from Turkey, by French veſſels only. The importation of tobacco by veſſels of other nations remains prohibited.

3. It ſhall be free to import tobacco from the above mentioned countries in the following ports, and no other, viz. Bayonne, Bourdeaux, Rochefort, Rochelle, Nantz, L'Orient, Morlaix, St. Malo, Grandville, Honfleur, Cherbourg, Rouen, Navre, Dieppe, St. Valery, Bologne, Calais, Dunkirk, Marſeille, Toulon, Cette and Port Vendre.

4. It ſhall be free to import foreign leaf tobacco in hogſheads by the towns of Straſburg, Valenciennes and Lille, on paying a duty of 25 livres per quintal.

5. The ſame duty of 25 livres ſhall be paid on tobacco imported in American, Spaniſh, or Ruſſia veſſels.

6. The duty ſhall be reduced to 18 livres 15 ſous per quintal on leaf tobacco imported direct from the United States, Spain, Ruſſia and Turkey, by French Veſſels.

In date the 18th of March it has been decreed, That the tobacco remaining in the hands of the Farmer General ſhall be expoſed for ſale, and ſold as follows:

Manufactured tobacco ſhall be ſold per quintal at the rate of 35 ſous per pound, and leaf tobacco per 1000 wt. at the rate of 12 ſous per pound—None ſhall be ſold on lower terms.

Leaf tobacco of the growth of the French Colonies ſhall be admitted to importation on paying a duty of 18 livres 15 ſous per quintal.

From the Pittſburg Gazette of the Fourth Inſtant.

"We hear from the town of Waſhington, that a man arrived there on Monday laſt, and brought the following intelligence, viz. That ſome ſpies who were out from a ſtation on ſhort Creek had come in and informed that they had diſcovered ſome Indians, immediately a party of twenty ſeven men, under the command of Lieut. Buſkirk, croſſed the river, and ſoon came upon the trial, and Lieut. Buſkirk and three of his men, being a little advanced before the reſt, were fired on by which Lieut. Buſkirk was killed, and the three men wounded. The Indians immediately run, and were fired on by the reſt of the men, who purſued them about two miles. It is ſuppoſed ſome of the Indians were wounded, as blood was diſcovered where they were fired upon. This party conſiſted of fourteen; and this affair happened on Sunday afternoon laſt."

ALEXANDRIA, June 23.

The Grand Jury of Abbeville County, South-Carolina, have reſolved to inſtruct the Senators and the Members of the Houſe of Repreſentatives in Congreſs from that ſtate, to endeavour to effect a repeal of the duty on country ſtills, and the exciſe on home-diſtilled liquors, and ſuch a modification of the impoſt on imported ſpirits, as will render it equitable and juſt to the whole union.

A mixture of brimſtone, gunpowder, and train oil, made into an ointment and rubbed upon the lambs behind the ears, and upon the tail, is ſtrongly recommended to the farmers as a *certain* remedy to prevent vermin of all kinds, ſuch as pole cats, foxes, weazles, &c. from killing them.—[*London Paper.*]

Capt. GREENWAY's MARINE LIST.

Arrived.—Brig Betſy, Clark, from Dunkirk; Sloop Peace, Bates, and Sloop Polly, Brown, Rhode Iſland; Schooner Polly, Haridon, Salem; Sloop Polly, Ellwood, and Sloop Lydia, Carr, Philadelphia; Ship Nancy, Sharp, Quantico; Sloop Nancy, Weſt, North-Carolina.

Sailed.—Schooner ——, Black, Weſt-Indies; Schooner Polly, Felt, Salem; Sloop Lydia, Carr, Sloop Polly, Brown, and Sloop Nancy, Weſt, New-York; Schooner Nelly and Caroline, Otway, Grenada; Sloop Rebecca, Cartwright, Martinique.

☞ "INCOG ANTIBIGOT" will appear in our next.

From the FEDERAL GAZETTE.

Mr. BROWN,

I lately tranſmitted you a tranſlation of the decree of France as to our Tobaccos, ſo materially affecting our navigation—I now ſend you the following tranſlation of a decree of Spain, equally affecting an important branch of our manufactures, that of Flour—pleaſe to inſert it in your next, and oblige

A CORRESPONDENT.

Don Antoine Joſef de Poſada, public writer for our Lord the King in all his dominions, and private ſecretary to the land and marine Royal Tribunal of the Conſulate of this city of Seville and of the people of its Archbiſhoprick, &c.

Certifies, that Senior Don Diego de Gardoqui, Director General of the cuſtoms of India, has communicated to Senior don Juez de Arrivadas, of this city, the Royal Ordinance following, to wit:

IN order to promote the commerce of flour to America, and at the ſame time that our colonies be ſufficiently ſupplied with that article and a recourſe for it to foreigners under plea of ſcarcity, may be prevented—His Majeſty taking into conſideration the advice given on this ſubject by the Conſulate of Santander, that foreign flour is now ſhipped to the Carraccas without being ſubject to the decree of the 28th of February, 1789, and alſo to conciliate the intereſts of commerce with the progreſs of our manufactures, his Majeſty has reſolved and determined, and now commands that all foreign flour that may be embarked either for Carraccas, the Iſlands, or the Kingdoms of Santa Fe, ſhall be ſubject to a new duty proportioned to the price of the Spaniſh flour, in the following form and manner, to wit:

When the price per barrel is	the extraordinary duty ſhall be
Rv. 140 or 7 hard dollars	Rv. 40 or 2 dollars
145 or 7¼ ditto	35 or 1¾ ditto
150 or 7½ ditto	30 or 1½ ditto
155 or 7¾ ditto	25 or 1¼ ditto
160 or 8 ditto	20 or 1 ditto
165 or 8¼ ditto	15 or ¾ ditto
170 or 8½ ditto	10 or ½ ditto

When no Spaniſh flour ſhall be at market, the price ſhall be fixed by the coſt of 175 lb. (which is fixed as the weight of a barrel of foreign flour) uſed for internal conſumption, the amount of the duty ſhall be divided by way of premium among the Shippers of National or Spaniſh flour.

Of this I inform you by order of his Majeſty, communicated to me by his excellency Senior Don Pedro de Lerena, in order that you may make it known to the merchants in the mode accuſtomed.

God preſerve your life for many years.

Madrid, the 27th of January, 1791.

(Signed) DIEGO DE GARDOQUI.

(By laſt Night's Mail.)

MADRID, April 1.

The Archbiſhop of Toledo, in quality of primate of Spain, has addreſſed a paſtoral letter to all the Spaniſh Biſhops, recommending to them to give the moſt generous reception to thoſe French Prelates whom *perſecution* has already driven, or may hereafter drive into Spain.——They already reckon here ſix refugee Biſhops, and many Cures, Canons, and Prieſts, who have been deſirous of eſcaping from the revolution in that country. Moſt of them have retired into Catalonia, Navarre, and Biſcay. A whole convent of Nuns were deſirous of going from Bourdeaux to Pampeluna, but the Biſhop of that city, without abſolutely oppoſing, thought it his duty firſt to obtain the conſent of the king.

PARIS, April 23.

Since the reſignation of de la Fayette, the converſation of this capital has been engroſſed ſolely by that ſubject.—Deputations from different bodies have waited upon the General, to induce him to reſume a ſituation in which he is thought neceſſary, if not for the maintenance of the conſtitution, at leaſt to fruſtrate the plans of the Ariſtocrates and Demagogues. At preſent hopes are entertained that M. de la Fayette will comply with a wiſh ſo honourable to him, and that he will reſume his poſt.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

Thurſday, April 21.

Mr. Bouche inveighed bitterly againſt the Ariſtocrates of Avignon and the Comtat. He affirmed that the inhabitants of theſe places are deſirous of becoming French ſubjects, but that the Counter Revolutionaliſts diſarm them, and the Prieſts excommunicate them. He ſaid that the abominable biſhop of Vaiſon had occaſioned the moſt ſhocking outrages in that country. "That ſacrilegious Prieſt, ſaid he, who, when he ſpeaks, always holds the Evangeliſts in one hand, and a poinard in the other, has lately excited the fanaticiſm of the people to ſuch a point, as to induce them to cut to pieces eight patriots. After this horrible execution, ſaid M. Bouche, he ſung *Te Deum*, and inſtigated thoſe monſters, who had executed his ſanguinary orders, to dance round the dead bodies of their victims! Haſten then, Gentlemen, continued he, to come to a deciſion; unite, without delay Avignon and the Comtat to France. If you do not do ſo, rivers of blood will yet be ſhed: The flames of diſcord, which now rage in that unhappy country, will communicate to the neighbouring departments, whence will reſult a general conflagration, which perhaps you may be unable to extinguiſh.

An eccleſiaſtic formally contradicted what had been advanced by M. Bouche, with reſpect to the Biſhop of Vaizon.

The ſubject of Avignon, on being put to the vote, was then adjourned to the ſitting of Tueſday.

LONDON, May 2.

Peace was the general cry in the city yeſterday, founded on the baſeleſs fabric of a report—not that the Empreſs had given way to the ſtipulations of Great-Britain, but that Mr. Pitt had acquieſced in terms of meditation accepted by the King of Pruſſia in his own favour at the expence of Oczakow, which was reported to remain in poſſeſſion of the Empreſs. This was the prominent part of ſpeculation, backed by an aſſertion, that a Meſſenger had been ſent by the Britiſh Miniſter yeſterday to the Court of Berlin, with deſpatches to the above effect.

The current reports were in general, that Mr Pitt had receded from his high tone, and that peace would be the inevitable conſequence. The Oracle, however, has the higheſt authority for aſſerting, that theſe reports are totally unwarrantable; that no meſſenger has been deſpatched to Berlin, or to Peterſburg this week, and moreover, that the riſe of the Funds yeſterday cannot be accounted for on any principle of fair reaſoning or judicious ſpeculation—for they attained at one time within two per cent. of the higheſt price they have experienced ſince the Spaniſh Convention.

Though the queſtion for the total abolition of the ſlave-trade is loſt for the preſent, we are happy to hear it will be brought forward in another ſhape, ſo as to go to many interior regulations, before the cloſe of this ſeſſion.

NEW-YORK, June 17.

London news-papers received by the Peggy, adviſe, That the King of France, who intended to paſs Eaſter at St. Cloud, was ſtopt in his carriage as he was ſetting out by the populace, and forced to return—upon this he wrote a letter to the National Aſſembly, requeſting admittance to the houſe, which being granted, he delivered a ſpeech, which was replied to in an affectionate manner, by the Preſident. It was ſaid the King had poſtponed his intended journey to St. Cloud, although he perſiſted in his ſpeech in going there—it is further ſaid he has diſmiſſed ſeveral perſons about him, that were inimical to the Revolution—M. de la Fayette has actually reſigned, and it was feared other reſignations would take place in conſequence. Still, all was peace and tranquility at Paris when the laſt account arrived.

PHILADELPHIA, June 18, 1791.

It is ſaid that Mr. De. Ternan, who ſerved in America during the late war, is appointed Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the Court of France to the United States; and may be expected here in 5 or 6 weeks.

WINCHESTER, June 18.

A letter received in this town, on Sunday laſt, from Lieutenant Jeffers, at Fort Franklin, mentions, that an Indian had arrived there, who brought him intelligence, that 900 warriors of the Chippawa, and other nations, had ſet out for war, and that they were determined to ſtrike on the Ohio, near Pittſburg; that 1000 more were preparing, but their deſtination was not known.

We are informed, that on Tueſday the 10th inſt. two Indians made their appearance in the ſettlement between Rackoon and King's Creek, killed a woman and child, and wounded a man, who it is ſuppoſed will not recover. This account we have from a perſon who aſſiſted in burying the perſons killed.

On the 20th of Auguſt next will be Rented, for a term of years, to the higheſt Bidder,

The noted FARM called GISBOROUGH, lying at the mouth of the Eaſtern Branch, oppoſite to the Federal City. The dwelling-houſe, and out houſes, are ſufficient for the accommodation of a large family. The ſoil is well adapted to every kind of crop.—Five Hands will be let with the farm.

JOHN ADDISON, jun.

Prince-George's County, Maryland,

June 22, 1791. 100 t. f.

A SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

For raiſing the further ſum of £213. 12. in part of £4000, purſuant to an Act of the Aſſembly, for enlarging the Buildings of the Fredericksburg Academy.

Being the Fourth Dollar Lottery.

		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	*Prize of*	1000	*is*	1000
1		500		500
1		200		200
2		100		200
4		50		200
8		30		240
10		20		200
20		10		200
268		6		1608
1	*laſt drawn*	400		400
316	*Prizes,*			4748
1049	*blanks.*	*Sum raiſed*		7148
1365	*Tickets at 4 Dollars*			5460

2¼ *blanks to a Prize.*

No deduction from the prizes.—This Lottery will be drawn on the 29th day of September next, being the firſt day of the Diſtrict Court at Fredericksburg, if a ſufficient number of Tickets ſhall then be ſold, if not ſo ſoon after as a ſufficient number can be ſold.

Tickets may be had of the following gentlemen managers (the Truſtees being jointly and ſeverally bound to the adventurers for the true performance of the truſt repoſed in the managers) to wit: James Mercer, Mann Page, William Fitzhugh, George Weedon, Thomas Fitzhugh, George Minor, Robert Brooke, Charles Mortimer, and Robert Patton, Eſqrs. Truſtees; and alſo of Benj'n Day, George French, Thomas Carnett, Fontaine Maury, Charles Urquhart, Stephen Lacoſte, William Glaſſell, Robert B Chew, William Lovell, John Legg, John Proudfit, Jonathan Harris, and French Gray, Eſq'rs. aſſiſting managers.

JAMES MERCER, *Preſident.*

Fredericksburg, June 1791.

☞ THE ſubſcriber, who has practiſed *Medicine, Surgery* and *Midwifery*, for near eight years in Fredericksburg, intends to move up to this place next week, and will then commence the practice of theſe different branches in the Town and its vicinity; in the exerciſe of which he hopes to give ſatisfaction.

N. B. His lodgings will be in the houſe in King-Street, lately occupied by Mr. John Ruſter.

JAMES GILLIES.

Alexandria, June 22, 1791. 100—3w.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 504 acres, lying fifteen miles from Alexandria, on the main Turnpike-road leading from thence to Wincheſter by Newgate. It is at preſent in the poſſeſſion of five Tenants at will; four of the tenements contain 125 acres each, the other 24; all of whom are men punctual in the payment of their rents, and deſirous of continuing on their preſent terms. I ſuppoſe there is no ſituation any where off the poſt-road more favourable for public buſineſs of almoſt any kind, but particularly is it ſo for a good houſe of entertainment, there being none of that deſcription nearer than Alexandria on the one ſide, and Newgate on the other. There are extraordinary good ſprings on every tenement, which afford excellent paſturage for ſtock, and water about 30 acres of flat ground, capable of being improved into as good meadow as any in the County. Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing may apply to Mr. RICHARD SIMPSON, living near the premiſes, who is authoriſed to treat therefor, and will ſhew them if required. BENJAMIN G. ORR.

May 26, 1791. 96—6w.

In the Preſs, and in a few weeks will be Publiſhed,

BROWN's EDITION

OF THE

LAWS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

In one neat Octavo Volume;

CONTAINING the Federal Conſtitution, the Acts of the three ſeſſions of Congreſs, all the exiſting Treaties, &c. collated with, and corrected by, the original rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, agreeably to a reſolve of Congreſs of the 18th Feb. 1791.

Philadelphia, 23d May, 1791.

LANDS FOR SALE ON A LONG CREDIT.

By virtue of a Power of Attorney from the Right Hon. *Charles Earl of Tankerville*, and the Hon. *Henry A. Bennett*, Esq; we will sell the following TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, at any time when we can agree with a purchaser or purchasers. One fourth part of the purchase-money to be paid in six months; another fourth in twelve months; another in eighteen months; and the balance in two years from the day of sale; the purchaser, or purchasers, giving bond, with approved security, for payment of the purchase-money, with interest thereon from the day of sale, if the payments are not punctually made at the stipulated periods—Viz.

THREE LOTS at Cliff; one containing 65 acres; another 243½; the other 63½; all adjoining; but will be sold separately, or in a body, as may best suit purchasers. The nearest of these lots are not more than one, and the most distant more than two miles from the rising Town of Alexandria; convenient to fishing and fowling; some of the land cleared, under fences, and has dwelling and other necessary houses, with a quantity of timber, and a very great stock of wood upon it. One of them on Hunting-Creek has the advantage of a fine hill, from whence there is a beautiful prospect of Alexandria, the River Patowmack, and the country of Virginia and Maryland around. Adjoining the above lots is another, containing 11¼ acres; on which there has, for many years past, been a mill: It is an excellent mill-seat; but at present has only the remains of an old mill-house, standing upon a fine stream within a mile and a half of Alexandria—About six miles from Alexandria, five from George-Town, and the same distance from the Little Falls, is another LOT, containing 185 acres, lying upon Lubber Branch and Four-Mile-Run; upon which there is a considerable quantity of heavy white oak timber, and wood in great plenty; several acres of meadow may be made and there is a good mill-seat upon it.—Upon the branches of Difficult-Run, about 18 miles from Alexandria, lying on the great road leading to Leesburg and Winchester, within 2½ miles of the canal at the Great Falls, and not more than 15 miles from George-Town, in Maryland, is a body of LAND, containing altogether 1619 acres, laid off into 10 lots of different sizes; the smallest 82, and the largest not more than 323 acres. This land is well watered and timbered, has improvements of plantations, houses, fencing, &c. In several parts of it the soil is good, and in many places well adapted for meadow and grass; and immediately on the main road is an excellent stand for a public house, which, with a little improvement, may be made a most valuable place, as it is extremely convenient for the business of a tavernkeeper.—Also, adjoining this tract, is another of 301 acres, called the MINE TRACT, in which there is a most valuable and rich mine of COPPER and SILVER. It was worked within these 40 years last past, and yielded to the satisfaction of the then partners; but, by their deaths and other circumstances, it has been neglected ever since. Two ninths of the ore in any part of the tract, and two ninths of the whole tract, we have the disposal of at present, and daily expect a power to sell two ninths more. The ease with which this mine may be worked, the most excellent quality of the copper, and it's vicinity to the rising Towns of Alexandria, George-Town, Winchester, and Frederick Town, and it's being within 2½ miles of navigation, must render it an estate of great value, if it was in the hands of a person or persons who understand the business of mining, as, with very little expense, the ore may be raised.—About 50 miles from Alexandria, 40 from George-Town, 30 from Winchester, and 15 from Frederick-Town, in Maryland, lying along Patowmack river upwards of five miles, and between the Catoctan-Mountain and Short-Hills, is a rich and fertile body of LAND, called the CATOCTAN TRACT, containing 11973¼ acres, on which there are upwards of one hundred farms; about half of them are leased for two and three lives, at Ten Dollars per 100 acres per annum, and the residue occupied by tenants at will, and may be rented in future at 8 to £. 15 per annum very readily. This land lies perhaps in as healthy, as beautiful and plentiful a country, as any in America. It produces all sorts of grain, tobacco, and hemp in abundance, and has meadows and mill-seats upon it; also an inexhaustible store of building and lime stone. We will sell it altogether, or in farms, as we can agree. If one person purchases the whole, we will extend the time of payment to the satisfaction of the purchaser, he giving us a security for payment in the land; or, if leases for lives are preferred, we will grant them at an annual rent of Ten Dollars per hundred acres, the lessee giving an adequate sum to be agreed on for such lease, payable every six months, in the same manner as herein before mentioned, in case of an absolute sale.—The title to the lands, the plats, and the powers to sell them, may be seen at any time by applying to the subscribers.

R. T. HOOE,
CHARLES LITTLE, } Agents.

Alexandria, May 25, 1790. (t. f.

TO BE LET,

MY DWELLING-HOUSE on Fairfax Street, Alexandria. It is a very convenient one, and every way sufficient for the accommodation of a large family. For terms enquire of Capt. JOHN HAWKINS, in Alexandria, or of WILLIAM BAKER.

The Lodge, Prince George's County, Maryland, Jan. 20, 1791.

ALEXANDRIA STREET-LOTTERY:

Authorized by an Act of Assembly to raise Money to PAVE the STREETS of the Town.

Scheme.

FIRST CLASS.

		Dols.		Dols.
1	Prize of	500	is	500
2		100	are	200
5		50		250
10		20		200
22		10		220
600		3		1500
	Last drawn Blank,			130
2500	paid in Tickets of 2d Class,	2 Dols. to be		5000
3040	Prizes,			8000
6960	Blanks, at 1 Dol. to be paid in Tickets of the 4th Class, or Cash, at the Option of the Managers.			
	Deduction,			2000
10,000	Tickets at 1 Dol. each,			10,000

SECOND CLASS.

		Dols.		Dols.
1	Prize of	1000	is	1000
2		300	are	600
3		100		300
10		30		300
20		20		400
50		10		500
100		6		600
500		4		2000
	Last drawn Blank,			500
2000	paid in Tickets of 3d Class,	3 Dols. to be		6000
2692	Prizes,			12,500
5308	Blanks,	Deduction,		3500
8000	Tickets at 2 Dols. each,			16,000

THIRD CLASS.

		Dols.		Dols.
1	Prize of	1500	is	1500
1		1000		1000
1		500		500
5		100	are	500
8		50		400
12		20		240
30		10		300
40		8		320
80		6		480
500		5		2500
	Last drawn Blank,			500
2565	be paid in Tickets of 4th Class,	4 Dols. to		10,260
3243	Prizes,			18,500
4757	Blanks,	Deduction,		5500
8000	Tickets at 3 Dols. each,			24,000

FOURTH CLASS.

		Dols.		Dols.
1	Prize of	3000	is	3000
1		1000		1000
2		500	are	1000
3		200		600
16		100		1600
20		50		1000
25		30		750
50		20		1000
102		8		816
2379		6		14274
	Last drawn Blank,			1000
2599	Prizes,			26,040
5401	Blanks,	Deduction,		5960
8000	Tickets, at 4 Dollars, are			32,000
	Raised by the 1st Class,			2000
	2d,			3500
	3d,			5500
	4th,			5960
				16960
	Deduct for Blanks in 1st Class,			6960
	Remains for paving the Streets,			10,000

Which deduction is less than 12½ per cent.

A List of Prizes drawn in each Class, will be published, and such of them as are not demanded within four Months after publication, will be appropriated to the purposes intended by the Lottery.

The Managers present this SCHEME to the PUBLIC, and from the favourable prospects of advantage it holds forth to adventurers, as well as the general benefit that will be derived from the appropriation of the Money to the useful and necessary purpose of Paving the Streets, they flatter themselves that it will meet with general encouragement and approbation.

The First Class is so calculated, that the purchasers run no risk, as the Blanks will be received for Tickets in the fourth Class at their cost; through the whole of the Lottery, there are less than two Blanks to a Prize, and the deduction not 12½ per cent.

On a consideration of these circumstances, and also of the general accommodation that every person residing in or visiting the Town will receive from the Streets being paved, the Managers hope and expect they will be able to dispose of the Tickets of the First Class time enough to enable them to commence drawing on the fourth Monday in June next, at farthest. Should they be able to make sale of the Tickets sooner, the drawing will commence at an earlier day; of which notice will be given. The Managers pledge themselves to the Public for the punctual payment of all Prizes that may be drawn.

The managers of the former Lottery, for raising Money to be applied to the same purpose, having withdrawn their Scheme, from an opinion that the one now offered will be productive of more advantage to adventurers, as well as to the general object in view; the Managers of this Lottery therefore hope that those who have purchased Tickets in the former one will be equally desirous of forwarding the present, and that they may direct the Managers from whom they purchased, to vest at least as much Money in Tickets in this Lottery.

Josiah Watson, William Hodgson,
John Potts, Jun. Olney Winsor.
Jonathan Swift,

Alexandria, February 9, 1791.

Bryan Hampson

Respectfully acquaints his Friends and the Public that he has moved to Fairfax-Street, opposite Messrs. PORTER *and* INGRAHAM's, *at the* NEW-STORE,

Where he has for SALE

Old Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, Malaga, Port and Teneriffe Wines, by the Pipe, Quarter Cask or Gallon; old Jamaica Spirits; old West-India Rum; New-England Rum; Molasses; white wine Vinegar; loaf and brown Sugar in Barrels, or by the Pound; Coffee and Chocolate; Rice by the Tierce or Pound; Hyson, Green, Souchong and Bohea Teas; Nutmegs; Allspice; Pepper and Ginger; Indigo and Fig Blue; best shaving Soap; Castile, white and brown Soap by the Quantity or Pound; Sweet Oil by the Box or Bottle; Hair-Powder; Gun-Powder and Shot; mould and dipped Candles by the Box or Pound; Malaga Raisins by the Jar or Cag; Almonds; a few bags of Barley; a Quantity of best Starch; Cotton and Wool Cards by the Quantity or Pair; Mustard by the Dozen or Bottle; Stone Jugs.—He will, in a few days, have a Quantity of Lemmons in Boxes: All of which he will sell low for Cash.

Alexandria, February 22, 1791. t. f.

Patowmack Lands

FOR SALE.

Resurvey	on Dogwood plains,	263¾
Do.	on Walnut Level,	255
Do.	on Horselick,	302¼
Do.	on Sugar Bottom,	360¼
		1181 acres.

The above lands are nearly adjoining, and situated in Washington County, Maryland, on Fifteen-Mile Creek, just at its junction with Patowmack river.—They are chiefly level bottom, of a fine quality, and abound in a variety of excellent timber. There is a dwelling-house, and a small plantation cleared on one of the tracts, through which goes the main road leading to the Western Country, and is a fine stand for a tavern. Contiguous to these lands are small mountains, which must forever secure to the holders of them an inexhaustible range for stock. The navigation of the river is already perfected considerably above this property. They will be sold either for Cash, or upon Credit. The terms may be known by applying to Dr. WILLIAM BAKER, or

THOMAS H. HANSON.

Aug. 5, 1790.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Tuesday night, the 4th inst. *a Mulatto Woman*, named LUCE, aged about 25 years; is a remarkably well-looking wench, being stout and active. She may be immediately known by examining her hands and arms, having very considerable scars, occasioned by falling in a fire. She is an artful, insinuating woman, and has been entirely accustomed to house-work—Has taken with her a variety of cloaths, consisting of two suits of green cotton, 1 calico gown, 1 white ditto, 1 black do. 1 calico jacket and petticoat, 1 white do. 1 green durant petticoat, 1 pair of black calamanco shoes 1 pair of leather do. 1 black beaver hat, and a number of other things. She affects to be of the Methodist religion, and it is probable may be harboured by some of her own colour of that persuasion.—I will give the above reward to any person delivering her to me at Broad Creek, or *Three Guineas* for securing her in any gaol. WILLIAM LYLES.

Maryland, Prince George's County, Broad-Creek, January 7, 1791.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Friday the 13th inst. *a Negro Woman*, called LEAH, who was advertised in this paper a few weeks ago; since which she was taken up in Leesburg, and has again made her escape. She is a very lusty black woman, about 32 years of age, full-faced, and has lost a small fore-tooth from her under jaw. She had on a striped linen jacket and petticoat, a man's coarse black hat, with a small band and buckle round it.—Whoever will apprehend said woman, and secure her in gaol, so that I get her again, shall have the above Reward, paid by the Subscriber, living on Hunting-Creek, Calvert County, Maryland.

THOMAS HORRELL.

May 26, 1791. 96—6w.

Excellent thining INK,

At 1s. per Pint, to be had at this Office

Just received, for sale, at the Printing-Office, a few Copies of "The Dangerous Vice - - - - - - - - -," *a Poem.*

VIRGINIA.

At a High Court of Chancery, held in Richmond, March 12, 1791.

Robinson, Sanderson and Rumney, Plaintiffs;
AGAINST
William Hunter, junior, Andrew Wales, Thomas Hewett, and Robert Lyle, Executors of the last will and testament of of Robert Lyle, deceased, and Martha Lyle, widow and relict of William Lyle, Jane Lyle, and Robert Lyle, children of the said Robert Lyle, and his Devisees, } Defendants.

THE Defendants, Thomas Hewett, Martha Lyle, and Jane Lyle and Robert Lyle, children and devisees of the said Robert, deceased, not having entered their appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that they are not inhabitants of this country, on the motion of the Plaintiffs by their Counsel, *It is ordered* that the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of next October Term, and answer the bill of the Plaintiffs, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Virginia Gazette for two months successively, and published at some Church in the Parish of Fairfax, in the County of Fairfax, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door at the Capitol, in the city of Richmond,

(A copy) Test. P. TINSLEY, c. h. c. c.

FOR SALE,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in Fairfax County, Virginia, on the head of Difficult-Run, within 18 miles of Alexandria, 26 of George-Town, and 18 of the Little Falls of Patowmack, convenient to several good Grist-Mills. This tract of land contains 110 acres by patent; about one half of it is cleared, and under good fencing, and will produce every kind of grain or tobacco equal to any land in this part of the country. There are on it a dwelling-house, kitchen, dairy, and corn house; 200 bearing apple-trees; and about the same number of peach-trees, and cherry-trees, of different kinds.

Also, one TRACT of LEASED LAND, in Loudoun County, near Amos Fox's Mill, about 2 miles from the former, containing 270 acres, in good order for cropping and farming. There are on it a good dwelling house, with a stone chimney, and divided into convenient rooms above and below stairs, a good barn, or tobacco-house. This lease is for three lives, and all the persons living; subject to an annual rent of Five Pounds.—Any person, or persons, inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber, living in Fairfax County.

JAMES WREN.

April 30, 1791. 93—3t. t. f.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Monday the 21st of March last, *a bright Mulatto Fellow*, named JERRY, about 6 feet high, straight and well made, speaks slow; had on when he went away a Welch cotton upper-jacket, a coarse drab-coloured under do. with metal buttons on both, a new oznaburg shirt, felt hat, cotton breeches, white yarn stockings, and red leather shoes: It is probable he may change his dress, and endeavour to pass as a free man.—He made an elopement in December last, and was apprehended at Mr. Lowe's Ferry, on Patomack, and committed to Alexandria gaol; he then said that he was going to Virginia, on a visit to Negro Sam, (a noted preacher) who, I am informed, is the property of Col. Carlisle's heirs.—SAM was several months in this county about two years ago, and, I believe, was supported and concealed a great part of the time by Jerry and his friends.

Went off also, on Saturday the 30th of April, *a bright Mulatto Fellow*, named WILL, who is brother to Jerry, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and well made: Had on, and took with him, two new oznaburg shirts, two Irish linen do. a good deal worn, a felt hat, a green cotton coat, with metal buttons, a blue cotton jacket and breeches, with do. a pair of buckskin breeches, a London-brown coat, faced with buff coloured broad-cloth, with yellow metal buttons, a pair of dark-coloured fustian or jeans overalls, black leather shoes, and plated buckles, a pair of mixed dark-coloured worsted stockings, a pair of white yarn do. and several other articles of cloathing, which I cannot describe.—It is probable he is with his brother, as Jerry was seen in the neighbourhood on the 24th of April.—Whoever apprehends and secures the said Fellows, so that I may get them again, shall, if taken within 15 miles from home, receive *Six Dollars*; if 20 miles, *Ten Dollars*; if 40 miles, *Sixteen Dollars*; if 50 miles, the above Reward, including what the law allows, or half that sum for either, and reasonable charges paid, if brought home.

ROBERT POTTENGER.

Maryland, Prince George's County, May 14, 1791. 95—t. f.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forewarned carrying them off at their peril.

THIS is to caution all Persons against taking an assignment of a Bond given in March last, by me to a certain *Joseph Friend*, for the Sum of Thirty Pounds; the said Bond having been giving for a Tract of Land to which the said *Friend* has no manner of title.

THOMAS PAYNE.

Fairfax County, June 14, 1791. 99—3w.

Alexdrania: Printed by Hanson and Bond.